

to * **BE** (= ser, estar, ficar) and to **HAVE** (= ter)

* 'to' não tem tradução e põe-se antes do Infinitivo : She wants to be a doctor (= ela quer ser médica)

SIMPLE PRESENT AND SIMPLE PAST

- **I am** a Portuguese student [sou um(a) estudante português/ portuguesa] = **I'm** ...
- Where **are** you ? [onde estás?] = Where' **re** you ?
- I **was** happy to see you **were** in such a good mood yesterday. [fiquei contente de ver que estavas de tão bom humor ...]
- I **have** no brothers or sisters [não tenho irmãos nem irmãs] = **I've**
- She **had** to go. [ela teve de ir (embora)]

		to BE S. PRESENT	to BE S. PAST	to HAVE S. PRESENT	to HAVE S. PAST
SINGULAR	1 st . person	I am	I was	I have	I had
	2 nd . person	you are	you were	you have	you had
	3 rd . person	he is	he was	he has	he had
		she is	she was	she has	she had
		it is	it was	it has	it had
PLURAL	1 st . person	we are	we were	we have	we had
	2 nd . person	you are	you were	you have	you had
	3 rd . person	they are	they were	they have	they had

Complete the sentences below with the right form of the verbs BE or HAVE:

I. to BE : ser ; estar ; ficar

1. Verb to BE , Present Simple ◀ **am / are / is** → (affirmative, negative and interrogative forms)

- 1.1 We _____ two Portuguese teenagers. (Somos 2 adolescentes Portugueses) ●
- 1.2 I _____ 16 years old and my friend _____ 17. (Eu tenho 16 anos e o m/ amigo tem 17) ■
- 1.3 Our school _____ far from home: only 5 minutes to walk here. A nossa escola não fica longe de casa...
- 1.4 I _____ happy to see that you _____ feeling better now. (Estou / fico feliz por ver q. te estás a sentir melhor)
- 1.5 I can't see my classmates... Where _____ they ? (não consigo ver / não vejo os m/ colegas. Onde estão eles?)

- Adjectivos → sem plural e sempre antes dos substantivos! // nacionalidades → sempre com maiúsculas!
- A IDADE em Inglês é com o verbo SER (BE) : “ eu sou ... anos velho ”

2. Verb to BE , Past Simple ◀ **was / were** (affirmative, negative and interrogative forms)

- 2.1 My friends _____ here yesterday, but I couldn't . I _____ at the dentist. (Os m/ amigos estiveram aqui ontem, mas eu não pude. Estive no (fui ao) dentista)
- 2.2 His school marks _____ very good last year. He will have to study harder this year.
- 2.3 You _____ here this morning. Where _____ you? ✖ YOU = tu (você) ; vocês (vós)
Não estiveram (não estiveste)* aqui ontem. Onde estiveram / estavam ? ou → Onde estiveste / estavas ?
- 2.4 Sue and Tom (= they) _____ very pleased to see their* old friends. A Sue e o Tom (= eles) ficaram muito contentes por verem os seus velhos/ antigos amigos (* their : o seu / sua; os seus / suas → deles ou delas)

II. to HAVE : ter (= HAVE GOT)

3. Verb to HAVE , Present Simple ◀ **have / has** → (affirmative, negative and interrogative)

- 3.1 I'm an only child. I _____ (got) no brothers or sisters. (Sou filho/a único/a. Não tenho (nenhuns) irmãos ou irmãs)
- 3.2 _____ she got a computer? (Ela tem (- tem ela -) (um) computador?) . No, she _____

4. Verb to HAVE , Past Simple ◀ **had** → (affirmative, negative and interrogative forms)

- 4.1 He _____ a terrible headache last night. (Ele teve uma terrível dor de cabeça na noite passada)
- 4.2 (I didn't have **any** money) = I _____ **no** money, **so** I couldn't go to the cinema with them.
(Não tinha dinheiro, **por isso** não pude ir ao cinema com eles / elas)

III. there to BE : HAVER ◀ there is ; there are // there was ; there were

- 5.1. _____ two computers in Joe's classroom. → Há dois computadores na sala (de aula) do Joe.
- 5.2. _____ one in mine. → Não há um (nenhum) na minha .
- 5.3. _____ an accident here yesterday? → Houve aqui um (algum) acidente ontem?
- 5.4. No, _____ any accidents here yesterday. → Não, não **houve** (nenhuns) acidentes aqui ontem.

Solutions:

I. to BE : ser ; estar ; ficar

1.

1.1. are

1.2. am is

1.3. isn't

1.4. am are

1.5. are

2.

2.1. were was

2.2. weren't

2.3. weren't were

2.4. were

II. to HAVE : ter (= HAVE GOT)

3.

3.1. have

3.2. has hasn't

4.

4.1. had

4.2. had

III. *there to BE* : **HAVER** ◀ there is ; there are // there was ; there were

5

5.1. There are

5.2. There isn't

5.3. Was there

5.4. there weren't